Name:	
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Frequency, Period, and Pendulum Problems

1. Jerome and Claire are doing the Period of a Pendulum Lab. They observe that a pendulum makes exactly 10 complete back and forth cycles of motion in 21.8 seconds. Determine the period of the pendulum.
2. The spin rate of a CD-ROM varies according to the location on the disc from where data is being accessed. When accessing data from the inner circles of the disc, the CD can spin at a rate as high as 400 revolutions per minute. Determine the frequency (in Hertz) and the period (in seconds) of the spinning CD.
3. A future astronaut lands on a planet with an unknown value of g . She finds that the period of a pendulum 0.65 m long is 2.8 s. What is g for the surface of this planet?
4. Anna Litical wishes to make a simple pendulum that serves as a timing device. She plans to make it such that its period is 1.00 second. What length must the pendulum have?

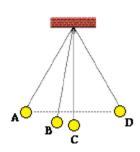
5. Which would have the highest *frequency* of vibration?

Pendulum A: A 200-g mass attached to a 1.0-m length string

Pendulum B: A 400-g mass attached to a 0.5-m length string

6. A pair of trapeze performers at the circus is swinging from ropes attached to a large elevated platform. Suppose that the performers can be treated as a simple pendulum with a length of 16 m. Determine the period for one complete back and forth cycle.

7. Use energy conservation to fill in the blanks in the following diagram.



- A: KE=0J PE=2.4J
- B: KE = 2.0 J PE = _____ J
- C: KE=____J PE=0J
- D: KE = _____J
 PE = _____J
- 8. Which of the following mass-spring systems will have the highest *frequency* of vibration? Case A: A spring with a k=300 N/m and a mass of 200 g suspended from it.

 Case B: A spring with a k=400 N/m and a mass of 200 g suspended from it.

9. Which of the following mass-spring systems will have the highest *frequency* of vibration? Case A: A spring with a k=300 N/m and a mass of 200 g suspended from it. Case B: A spring with a k=300 N/m and a mass of 100 g suspended from it.